



सत्यमेव जयते

Government of India
Ministry of MSME

Brief Industrial Profile Of South Garo Hills District



सूक्ष्म, लघु एवं मध्यम उद्यम
MICRO, SMALL & MEDIUM ENTERPRISES

Carried out by

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Brief Industrial Profile of South Garo Hills District.

1. General Characteristics of the District

The South Garo Hills district was created on 18th June, 1992 by bifurcating West Garo Hills district.. The district is hilly with difficult terrain with its headquarter at Baghmara, the only town in the district.

The population is pre-dominantly inhabited by the Garos, a tribe with a matrilineal society belonging to the Bodo family of the Tibeto-Burman race tribes. Other indigenous inhabitants are the Hajongs, Rabhas, Koches, Rajbansis, Meches, Kacharis and Dalus. The district is also inhabited by Bengalis, Assamese and Nepalese.

The whole of South Garo Hills district forms a sort of undulating plateau with plenty of flat lands and valleys with altitudes varying from 100-1000 m above sea level. The district has a rich and unique flora and fauna.

The climate of the district is largely controlled by South-West monsoon and seasonal winds. The South Garo Hills district being relatively lower in altitude to the rest of Meghalaya, experiences a fairly high temperature for most part of the year. The average rainfall is 350 cms. of which more than two-thirds occur during the monsoon, winter being practically dry. The district have mostly dense tropical mixed forest.

Location & Geographical Area

The South Garo Hills district lies in the southern part of the state of Meghalaya. The district is situated between 25°10' and 25°35'N latitudes and 90°15 and 91°-0' E longitude. It covers an area of 1887 sq. Km. It is bounded in the North by East Garo Hills, in the East by the West Khasi Hills District, in the West by West Garo Hills district and in the South by Bangladesh.

Topography

The South Garo Hills district is mostly hilly with plains fringing the northern, western and the south-western borders. Tura range is the most important mountain range in the districts of South Garo Hills.

Tura Range: This is one of the most important mountain ranges in the West Garo Hills. The Tura range is about 50 kms. long and extends in the east-west direction from Tura to Siju in the South Garo Hills district. The mountain peaks that are located in this range are Tura Peak, Nokrek Peak, Meminram Peak, Nengminjok Peak, Chitmang Peak

The highest peak of this range is the Nokrek (1412 m.) lying 13 kms. south-east of Tura. To the west of the Tura range low hill ranges run from north to south, and to the north of the Tura range hill ranges run parallel to it, gradually increasing in height till they meet in the south.

Now the entire Tura range comes under the management of Nokrek National Park. These high ranges are strictly protected as Catchment areas right from the time of British Administration in Garo Hills. There is no human habitation in the heart of these ranges which has now become an ideal home to various flora and fauna.

River System : Someswari(Simsang)is the most important river of South Garo Hills and Other important rivers of the district are Bugai (Dimapara), Dareng, Daldem, Mahadeo, Kanai etc. The valley of Simsang is the most feature of this district.

Someswari: This is the largest river in the whole district. The river is locally known as Simsang. It starts from Nokrek mountains and runs towards the east, passing through Rongrenggre, Williamnagar the headquarters of East Garo Hills district, Nongalbibra, Siju, Rewak and lastly Baghmara the headquarters of South Garo Hills district. The upper course of this river is not navigable due to the high number of cataracts and numerous huge stones. However the lower course has many deep pools and falls. They are Mirik, Matma, Kan'chru Suk, Jamiseng, Warisik, Bobra, Goka etc. Jinjiram: It starts from Derek village and its main tributary starts from Upot Lake. It runs towards the east connecting with Gagua river, then runs through the border of Goalpara towards Phulbari and reaches Hallidayganj where it enters the Goalpara district. It is the longest river in the Garo Hills districts.

Availability of Minerals.

Major mineral resources available in the districts are Coal, Limestone, Uranium and Quartz,

Coal: The total estimated reserves of coal in Garo Hills Districts is of the order of 35900 million tones spread over three coalfields viz., West Daranggre, Siju and Pendengru-Balpakram coalfields. Of these, only the West Daranggre coalfield has been opened and worked to a small extent.

Limestone: The total estimated reserves of limestone in Garo Hills is of the order of 510 million tones. Of this, more than 460 million tones is in a single deposit at Siju Arteka in South Garo Hills. So far, the limestone deposits of Garo Hills have not been worked for commercial purpose except a small quantity in the Siju area along the Nongalbibra-Baghmara road, which has been quarried for road metals.

Uranium: Uranium though available not excavated or processed .

PRODUCTION & VALUES OF IMPORTANT MINERALS.

	Item	With effect from Jan'08 to Dec'08 Production MT	Value with effect from Jan'08 to Dec'08.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Coal	9,98,149	16,46,94,677	Production & value was based on the no. of coal Transport challans issued to Coal dealers & not the actual production & market price.
2.	Lime Stone	19,817	198,178	Limestone production & value was based on the no. of mineral cess challan issue to limestone dealers & not on the actual production & market price.
3.	Silliminite	NA	NA	NA

Sources: Divisional Mining Officer, East Garo Hills, Williamnagar.

FOREST :

The district is rich in forest resources. The important timbers available in the district are sal, teak, gamari, khokon, champa etc. The other major forest produces are bamboo, cane, firewood, broomstick, thatching grass etc. The area under forests is 101897 ha. The types of forest prevalent in the district are Reserved Forests under the Forest Department, Village Reserved Forests which are managed by the Garo Hills Autonomous District Council, National Park, Biosphere Reserves and Private/Community Forests under 'Nokma' system. Development schemes of different forest produces/trees namely sal, teak, critical area plantation and other miscellaneous plantations are being implemented every year by the Forest Department through the budgetary allocations. The Meghalaya Forest Development Corporation, a state owned Corporation is set up by the State Govt. to avail of institutional credit linked afforestation schemes.

1.5 Administrative set up:

Deputy Commissioner is the head of the District administration. The Deputy Commissioner is the executive head as well as judicial head of the district. The DC is aided by a number of officers like Additional Deputy Commissioner, Assistant Commissioners to assist him in different type of activities.

As executive head the DC plays an important role in coordinating with all developmental heads of the district for all round developmental activities under various programmes such as M.P. scheme (MPLAD), MLA's scheme, Border areas development funds, Employment assurance schemes and so on. The District Planning Officer is assigned to see, formulate and release of fund for development scheme. There also exists the District Rural Development Agency (DRDA) and DC is the chairman of the said agency. The Project Director is the functional head of the agency. All schemes of rural development are implemented by Block Development Officers and the necessary funds are routed through this agency.

Law And Order: Maintenance of Law and Order is another important task of District Administration to give proper security and safeguard to lives and properties of citizen. In this regard DC acts as District Magistrate for maintenance of Law and Order. The District Magistrate is assisted by Additional District Magistrate , and other executive magistrate and keep close link with police Department for necessity. The Superintendent of Police is the head of police Administration.

Revenue:- In revenue Deputy Commissioner is assisted by Revenue Enforcement Staffs. There is also constitutionally recognized Garo Hills Autonomous District Council. All types of revenue collection like settlement of Hats (Bazar), Ghats, Ferry, Profession Tax are directly collected by District council. Matters like acquisition of Govt. land, Allotment of land to Central Department, Payment of compensation .etc. are not the jurisdiction of District Council.

Local Self Government:- The Constitution of India has at its heart, strong democratic institutions at the grass-root level since its inception. As such democratic decentralization became one of the Directive Principles of the State Policy. This democratic decentralization was sought to be achieved through the Panchayati Raj Institutions. However, it was understood that the erstwhile state of Assam had distinct customs and traditions and the need to protect and preserve state of these traditions was strongly felt. Accordingly, the makers of the Constitution deemed it fit to give these areas their own separate grass-root level political and administrative structure. This was achieved by enacting the Sixth Schedule of the Constitution and the tribal areas under Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura and Mizoram fell under the purview of the Sixth Schedule. The underlying idea was that the Schedule would provide the tribal people with their own simple and inexpensive government so they so that they can manage their affairs in their own way. At present, the state Meghalaya has three ADCs viz., Khasi Hills Autonomous District Council, Garo Hills Autonomous District Council and Jaintia Hills Autonomous District Council.

The Sixth Schedule carries detailed provisions for the constitution of Autonomous District Councils (ADCs) in certain hill areas, including those that now constituted the state of Meghalaya. The Sixth Schedule bestow upon them the right to frame laws on subject like land, forests, primary school education, planning process, markets, trade, developmental activities. etc.

District Council:- The traditional Chiefs and Headmen are now under the control and supervision of the District Council under provisions of para 3(1)(g) of the Sixth Schedule.

Constitution of District Council:- The District Councils are constituted by the members representing different District Council Constituencies, elected on the basis of universal adult franchise like members of the Legislative Assembly. The leader of the largest group/party returned to the council is appointed by the Governor as Chief Executive Member. On the advice of such C.E.M. a number of members are appointed by the Governor as Executive Members. The C.E.M. and E.Ms constitute the Executive Committee of the Autonomous District Councils and exercise powers.

Power of District Councils:- Under the Sixth Schedule of the Constitution, the District Councils enjoy legislative, executive and judicial powers mainly over the following items:

#Land other than reserve forests.

#Forests other than reserve forests.

#Use of any land or water course for agricultural purposes.

#Regulation in the practice of jhum or other forms of shifting cultivation.

#Establishment of village or town administration including village or town police, public health and sanitation.

#Appointment and succession of Chiefs and their powers.

#Establishment of village or town Committees or councils and their powers.

#Regulation of laws or inheritance of property.

#Marriage.

The District Council is both an administrative and a legislative body but without any plenary legislative power.

2. District At a Glance:

S.No.	Particular	Year	Unit	Statistics
1	Geographical Features			
(A)	Geographical Data			
	i) Latitude	25° 10' and 25° 35'N		
	ii) Longitude	90° 15' and 91°E		
	iii)	Geographical Area	188700 Hectares	
(B)	Administrative Units			
	i) Sub divisions		Nil	
	ii) Blocks		4nos	
	iii) Sub-Tehsil		NA	
	iv) Patwar Circle		NA	
	v) Panchayat Samitis		NA	
	vi) Nagar nigam		NA	
	vii) Nagar Palika		NA	
	viii) Gram Panchayats		NA	
	xi) Revenue villages		NA	
	x) Assembly Area		NA	
2.	POPULATION			
(A)	Sex-wise			
	i) Male	2001	56,810	
	ii) Female	2001	53436	
(B)	Rural Population	2001	1,01,603	
3.	AGRICULTURE			
A.	Land utilization			
	i) Total Area	2008	188700 Hectare	
	ii) Forest cover	2008	101996 Hectare	
	iii) Non Agriculture land	2008	4263Hectare	
	v) Cultivable Barren land	2008	26184 Hectare	
4.	FOREST			
	(I) Forest	2008	101996 Hectare	
5.	LIVESTOCK & POULTRY			
A.	Cattle			Source Veterinery Deptt. South Garo Hills Baghmara.
	i) Cows	2007	29976nos	
	ii) Buffaloes	2007	15 nos	
B	OTHER LIVESTOCK			
	i) Goats	2007	26441 nos	
	ii) Pigs	2007	24471nos	
	iii) Dogs & Bitches	2007	20349	
	iv) Railways : No Railways			

	Length of rail line		0 Kms	
	v) Roads			
	(a) National Highway			NA
	(b) State Highway			
	© Main District Highway			
	(d) Other district & Highway			
	(e) Rural road/Agriculture Marketing Board.			
	(f) Kachcha Road			
	(VI) COMMUNICATION			
	(A) Telephone connection	2008	280	
	(b) Post Offices	2008	14	
	© Telephone center	2008	81	
	(d) Density of Telephone		NA	
	(e) Density of Telephone		NA	
	(f) PCO rural	2008	23	
	(g) PCO STD			
	(h) Mobile			
	(VII) Public Health			
	(a) Allopathic Hospital	2008	Nil	
	(b) Beds in Allopathic hospitals		Nil	
	(c) Ayurvedic Hospitals		Nil	
	(d) Beds in Ayurvedic hospitals		Nil	
	(e) Unani hospitals		Nil	
	(f) Community health centers		16 nos	
	(g) Primary health centers		1 no	
	(h) Dispensaries		Nil	
	(i) Sub health Centers		Nil.	
	(j) Private hospitals			

(a) Commercial Bank	2008	4
(b) Rural Bank	2008	2
© Co-operative bank products		
(d) PLDB Branches		
(IX) Education		
(a) Primary school	2008	NA
(b) Middle schools	2008	NA
© Secondary & Senior secondary schools	2008	27
(d) Colleges	2008	NA
(e) Technical University	2008	NA

.2.1. EXISTING STATUS OF INDUSTRIAL AREAS IN THE DISTRICT(No Industrial Area.)

S.No.	Name of Ind. Area	Land Acquired (In hectare)	Land developed (In hectare)	Prevailing Rate per Sqm (In Rs.)	No of Plots	No of allotted Plots	No of Vacant plots	No. of Units in Production.
1								

Source DIC

3. INDUSTRIAL SCENERIO OF SOUTH GARO HILLS DISTRICT

3.1. Industry at a Glance

Sl.No.	Head	Unit	Particulars
1.	Registered Industrial Unit	279	
2.	Total Industrial Unit		
3.	Registered Medium & Large Unit	-	
4.	Estimated Avg. No. of Daily worker employed in small scale Industries.	-	
5.	Employment in large and medium industries	-	
6.	No. of Industrial Area	Nil	
7.	Turnover of Small Scale Ind.	Nil	
8.	Turnover of medium & Large Scale Industries	Nil	

3.2 YEAR WISE TREND OF UNITS REGISTERED

	YEAR	NUMBER OF REGISTERED UNITS	EMPLOYMENT	INVESTMENT (lakhs Rs)
	1994-95	10	55	2.7
	1995-96	8	28	1.89
	1996-97	21	84	5.67
	1997-98	9	36	2.43
	1998-99	16	64	4.48
	1999-2000	9	45	2.61
	2000-01	2	9	0.76
	2001-02	-	-	-
	2002-03	21	126	6.93
	2003-04	16	80	5.92
	2004-05	14	70	5.88
	2005-06	7	55	3.15
	2006-07	20	101	9.6
	2007-08	12	60	6.24
	2008-09	1	4	8.41
	2009-10	69	345	89.7
	2010-11	44	220	63.8
	Total	279	1641	220.16

Source DIC

3.3 DETAILS OF EXISTING MICRO & SMALL ENTERPRISES AND ARTISAN UNITS IN THE DISTRICT.

NIC Code No.	Type of Industry	Number of units	Investment (Lakhs Rs.)	Employment
20	Agro based			
22	Soda water			
23	Cotton Textile			
24	Woolen, Silk & artificial thread based clothes			
25	Jute & jute based			
26	Ready-made Garments & Embroidery.	33		
27	Wood/wooden based furniture	36		
28	Paper & paper products			
29	Leather based			
31	Chemical/Chemical based			
30	Rubber, plastic & petro based			
32	Mineral based			
33	Metal based (Steel Fab.)			

35	Engineering units			
36	Electrical machinery and transport equipment			
97	Repairing & Servicing			
01	Others			
	Katchori making			

Source DIC

3.4 LARGE SCALE INDUSTRIES/PUBLIC SECTOR UNDERTAKINGS

List of the units in & Near by area.

1. No Unit

3.5. MAJOR EXPORTABLE ITEMS: No such item.

3.6 GROWTH TREND: N.A.

3.7. VENDORISATION/ANCILLARISATION OF THE INDUSTRY. Not applicable.

3.8. MEDIUM SCALE ENTERPRISES :Nil

3.8.1. List of the units Near by Area : Nil

3.8.2. Major exportable item : No such item.

3.9. POTENTIALS AREAS FOR SERVICE INDUSTRY: Backward district.

3.10 POTENTIAL FOR NEW MSMEs : Cane and Bamboo.

4 EXISTING CLUSTERS OF MICRO & SMALL ENTERPRISE. No approved Clusters

4.1. Detail of Major Clusters

4.1.1. Manufacturing sector: Nil

4.1.2 Service sector Nil

4.2.4. Fabrication and General Engg. Cluster Nil

4.2. DETAILS FOR IDENTIFIED CLUSTER

4.2.1. Name of the cluster: Cane and Bamboo cluster (Proposed)

1.	Principal Products Manufactured in the Cluster	Cane and Bamboo products
2.	Name of the SPV	-
3.	No. of the functional units in the clusters	24
4.	Turnover of the clusters	-
5.	Value of exports from the clusters	-
6.	Employment in Cluster	99
7.	Average investment in plant & Machinery	6,72000
8.	Major issues/ requirement	-
9.	Presence of capable institutions	-
10.	Thrust Areas	-
11.	Problems & constraints	-

Present status of the cluster:

5. General issues raised by Industry Association during the course of meeting:

No Industry Association is operational in the District.

8. STEPS TO SET UP MSMEs

Following are the brief description of different agencies for rendering assistance to the entrepreneurs.

S.No.	Type of assistance ⁴	Name and address of agencies.
1.	Provisional Registration Certificate (EM-1) & Permanent Registration Certificate (EM-II)	General Manager, DCIC, South Garo Hills , Baghmara
2.	Identification of project Profiles, techno-economic and managerial consultancy services, market survey and economic survey reports.	O/o Dy. Director ,Branch MSME-DI. ,Dakopgre, Tura. Meghalaya .:794101,
3.	Land and Industrial	(1)General Manager, DCIC, South Garo Hills , Baghmara (2)General Manager, Meghalaya Industrial Development Corporation, Kismat Upland Road, Shillong :
4.	Financial Assistance	The Lead Bank Manager, West GaroHills, State Bank Of India,(Evening Br.) Tura Bazar ,Tura

5.	For raw materials under Govt. Supply	NSIC,DIC Complex,Short Round Road, Industrial Estate, Shillong.,Tel: 0364-2590506.
6.	Plant and machinery under hire purchase basis.	NSIC, DIC Complex, Short Round Road, Industrial Estate Shillong .Tel. 0364-2590506.
7.	Power/Electricity	The Director, MeECL,Lumjingshai,Shillong-793001.
8.	Technical Know-how	(1)O/o Dy. Director ,Branch MSME-DI .Dakopgre, Tura. Meghalaya :794101, (2) General Manager, DCIC, South Garo Hills , Baghmara
9.	Quality & Standard	B.I.S. R.G.Barua Road, 5 th By Lane ,Guwahati. Tel: 0361-2456508 / 2454679
10.	Marketing/Export Assistance	(1) O/o Dy. Director , Branch MSME-DI. Dakopgre, Tura. :794101, (2)GeneralManager,DCIC,Baghmara, South Garo Hills (3) NSIC, DIC Complex,Short Round Road,Industrial Estate Shillong.Tel. 0364-2590506
11.	Other promotional Agencies.	